

SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Title: DNA Groove-binding Ability of Luminescent Platinum(II) Complexes based on a Family of Tridentate N^NC Ligands Bearing Differently substituted Alkyl Tethers

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DNA groove-binding ability of luminescent platinum(II) complexes based on a family of tridentate N^NC ligands bearing differently substituted alkyl tethers

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Supporting Information

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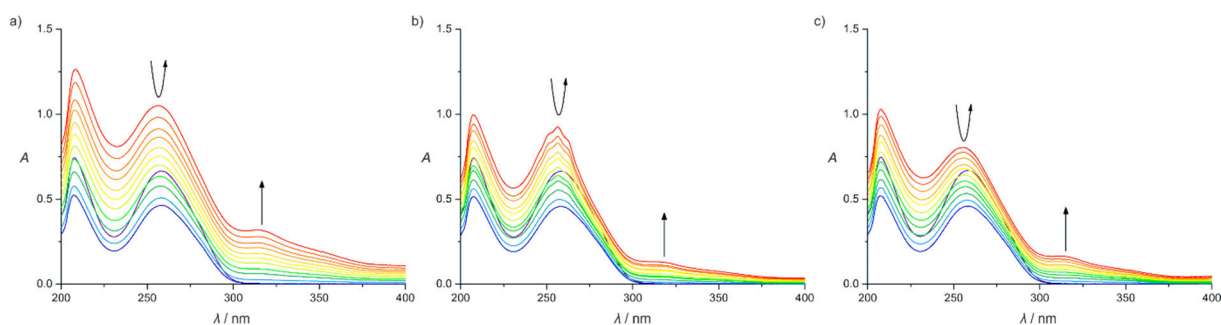


Figure S1. UV/Vis spectra of a solution of ctDNA ($7.6 \cdot 10^{-5}$ M) in Tris-HCl buffer (pH 7.4) at 25 °C upon increasing concentrations of the respective Pt^{II} complex (11 steps with an increase of $3.2 \cdot 10^{-6}$ M per step). Arrows indicate the direction of the changes. Data for a) complex **8**, b) complex **9** and c) complex **10**.

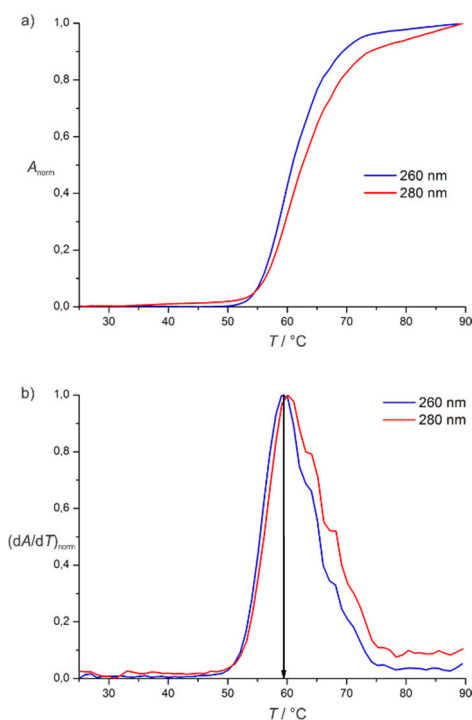


Figure S2. a) Melting curves of ctDNA, determined by temperature-dependent UV spectra at 260 nm and 280 nm, respectively. b) First derivative of the melting curves, used to determine the melting temperature $T_{m,UV}$.

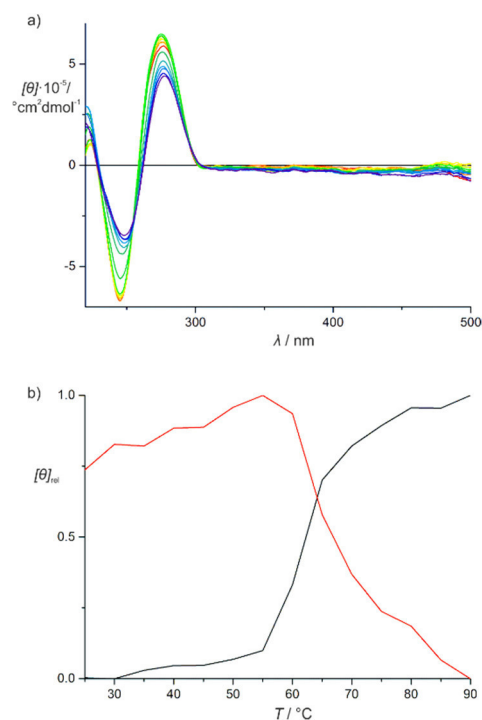


Figure S3. a) Example for temperature-dependent CD spectra (here: ctDNA). b) Temperature-dependent molar ellipticity at selected wavelengths (black: 246 nm, red: 277 nm). A sigmoid fit of these data was used to determine the melting temperature derived via temperature-dependent CD spectroscopy ($T_{m,CD}$).

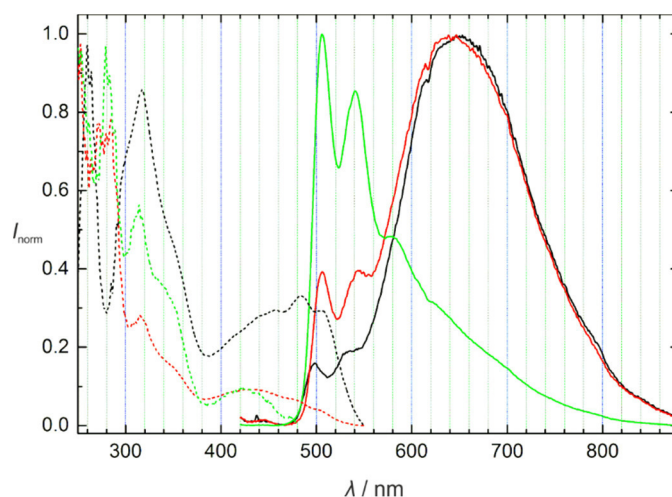


Figure S4. Excitation (dotted line) and emission (solid line) spectra of complex **8** (3.2 μM) in Tris-HCl buffer (pH 7.4) in the absence (black) and presence of ctDNA (red: $7.6 \cdot 10^{-6}$ M; green: $7.6 \cdot 10^{-5}$ M).

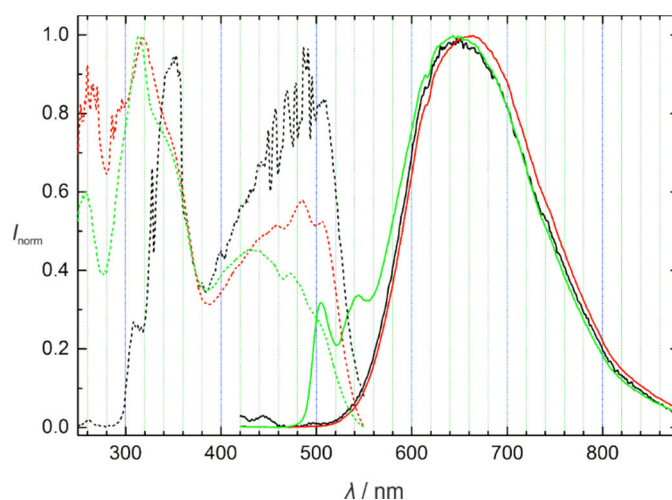


Figure S5. Excitation (dotted line) and emission (solid line) spectra of complex **8** (32 μM) in Tris-HCl buffer (pH 7.4) in the absence (black) and presence of ctDNA (red: $7.6 \cdot 10^{-6}$ M; green: $7.6 \cdot 10^{-5}$ M).

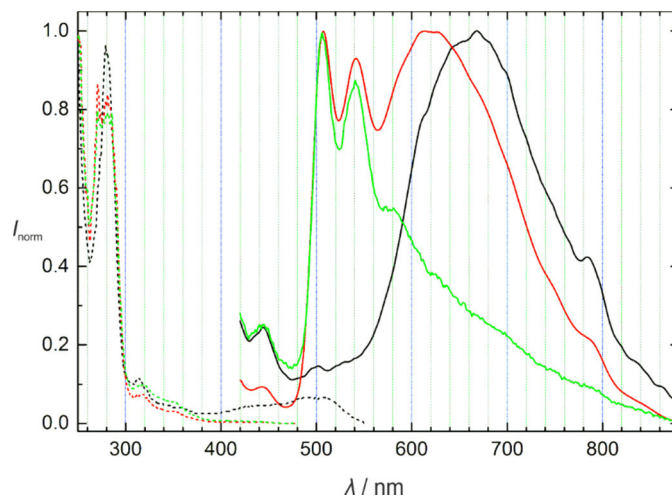


Figure S6. Excitation (dotted line) and emission (solid line) spectra of complex **9** ($3.2 \mu\text{M}$) in Tris-HCl buffer (pH 7.4) in the absence (black) and presence of ctDNA (red: $7.6 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ M}$; green: $7.6 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ M}$).

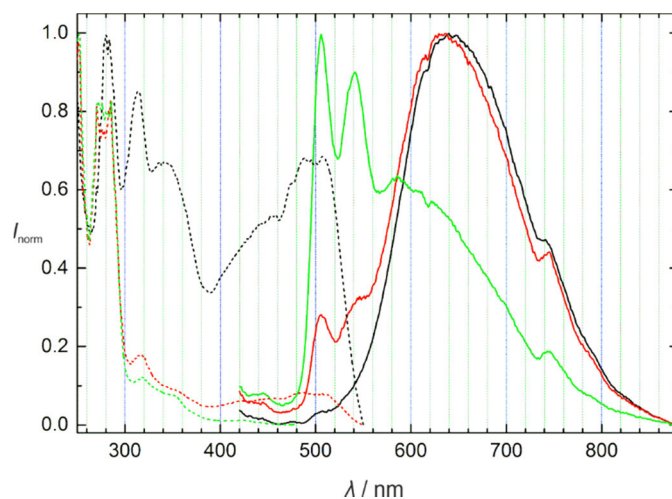


Figure S7. Excitation (dotted line) and emission (solid line) spectra of complex **9** ($32 \mu\text{M}$) in Tris-HCl buffer (pH 7.4) in the absence (black) and presence of ctDNA (red: $7.6 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ M}$; green: $7.6 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ M}$).

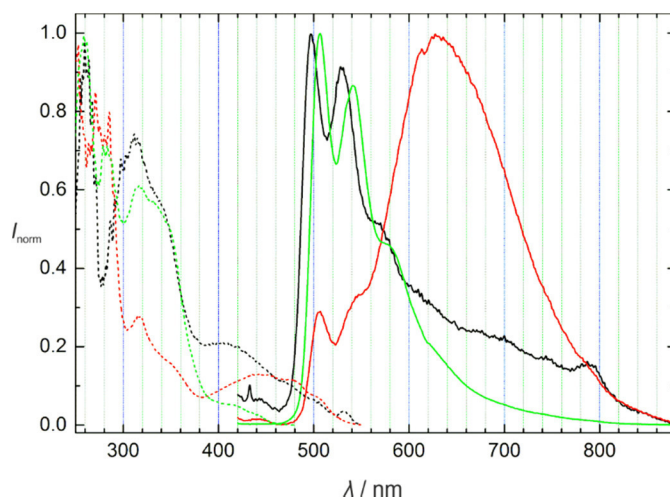


Figure S8. Excitation (dotted line) and emission (solid line) spectra of complex **10** ($3.2 \mu\text{M}$) in Tris-HCl buffer (pH 7.4) in the absence (black) and presence of ctDNA (red: $7.6 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ M}$; green: $7.6 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ M}$).

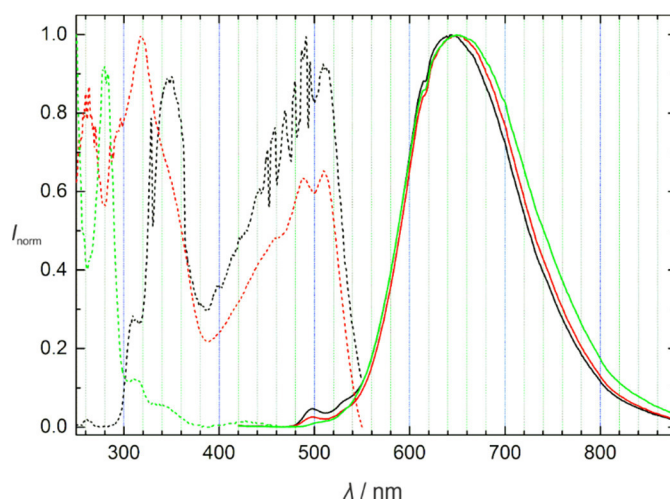


Figure S9. Excitation (dotted line) and emission (solid line) spectra of complex **10** ($32 \mu\text{M}$) in Tris-HCl buffer (pH 7.4) in the absence (black) and presence of ctDNA (red: $7.6 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ M}$; green: $7.6 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ M}$).

Table S1. Emission lifetimes of compound **8** (3.2 μ M) with and without ctDNA (as derived from data depicted in Figure S4).^a

Detection	Additive		
	None	7.6 · 10 ⁻⁶ M ctDNA	7.6 · 10 ⁻⁵ M ctDNA
500 nm	$\tau_{av} = \underline{0.94 \mu s}$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (1.24 μs): 41.0% τ_2 (0.73 μs): 59.0%	$\tau_{av} = \underline{10.8 \mu s}$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (5.29 μs): 14.9% τ_2 (0.64 μs): 31.5% τ_3 (18.26 μs): 53.6%	$\tau_{av} = \underline{16.6 \mu s}$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (18.8 μs): 83.0% τ_2 (5.96 μs): 17.0% $\tau_{av} = \underline{18.1 \mu s}$ (deaerated) fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (21.5 μs): 79.6% τ_2 (4.54 μs): 20.4%
650 nm	$\tau_{av} = \underline{0.68 \mu s}$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (0.634 μs): 45.7% τ_2 (0.231 μs): 27.2% τ_3 (1.20 μs): 27.1%	$\tau_{av} = \underline{0.82 \mu s}$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (0.91 μs): 61.8% τ_2 (0.30 μs): 27.9% τ_3 (1.7036 μs): 10.3%	$\tau_{av} = \underline{1.4 \mu s}$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (15.7 μs): 1.8% τ_2 (1.73 μs): 38.0% τ_3 (0.76 μs): 60.2%

^a τ_{av} = amplitude-weighted average lifetimes

Table S2. Emission lifetimes of compound **8** (32 μ M) with and without ctDNA (as derived from data depicted in Figure S5).^a

Detection	Additive		
	None	7.6 · 10 ⁻⁶ M ctDNA	7.6 · 10 ⁻⁵ M ctDNA
500 nm	not determined	not determined	$\tau_{av} = 14.4 \mu s$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (17.4 μs): 78.2% τ_2 (3.26 μs): 21.8% $\tau_{av} = 14.1 \mu s$ (deaerated) fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (7.9 μs): 19.6% τ_2 (1.37 μs): 22.4% τ_3 (21.1 μs): 58.0%
650 nm	$\tau_{av} = 0.58 \mu s$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (0.54 μs): 51.8% τ_2 (0.19 μs): 24.2% τ_3 (1.08 μs): 24.0%	$\tau_{av} = 0.62 \mu s$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (0.51 μs): 43.9% τ_2 (0.19 μs): 20.4% τ_3 (0.99 μs): 35.7%	$\tau_{av} = 0.87 \mu s$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (6.6 μs): 0.2% τ_2 (1.17 μs): 50.0% τ_3 (0.54 μs): 49.8%

^a τ_{av} = amplitude-weighted average lifetimes

Table S3. Emission lifetimes of compound **9** (3.2 μ M) with and without ctDNA (as derived from data depicted in Figure S6).^a

Detection	Additive		
	None	7.6 · 10 ⁻⁶ M ctDNA	7.6 · 10 ⁻⁵ M ctDNA
500 nm	not determined	$\tau_{av} = 10.2 \mu s$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (17.8 μs): 51.0% τ_2 (4.90 μs): 18.6% τ_3 (0.652 μs): 30.4%	$\tau_{av} = 14.5 \mu s$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (17.2 μs): 80.6% τ_2 (2.95 μs): 19.4% $\tau_{av} = 14.2 \mu s$ (deaerated) fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (21.3 μs): 89.4% τ_2 (3.74 μs): 10.6%
650 nm	$\tau_{av} = 0.35 \mu s$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (1.14 μs): 9.4% τ_2 (0.40 μs): 40.7% τ_3 (0.145 μs): 49.9%	$\tau_{av} = 0.82 \mu s$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (2.71 μs): 5.1% τ_2 (1.05 μs): 51.4% τ_3 (0.33 μs): 43.5%	$\tau_{av} = 1.0 \mu s$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (14.4 μs): 2.3% τ_2 (1.52 μs): 28.6% τ_3 (0.350 μs): 69.1%

^a τ_{av} = amplitude-weighted average lifetimes

Table S4. Emission lifetimes of compound **9** (32 μ M) with and without ctDNA (as derived from data depicted in Figure S7).^a

Detection	Additive		
	None	7.6 · 10 ⁻⁶ M ctDNA	7.6 · 10 ⁻⁵ M ctDNA
500 nm	not determined	$\tau_{av} = 2.0 \mu s$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (13.2 μs): 12.5% τ_2 (0.242 μs): 71.2% τ_3 (1.20 μs): 16.3%	$\tau_{av} = 9.9 \mu s$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (4.44 μs): 16.0% τ_2 (0.413 μs): 25.2% τ_3 (15.5 μs): 58.8% $\tau_{av} = 10.2 \mu s$ (deaerated) fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (21.0 μs): 89.5% τ_2 (0.70 μs): 2.5% τ_3 (4.14 μs): 8.0%
650 nm	$\tau_{av} = 0.21 \mu s$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (0.861 μs): 6.9% τ_2 (0.264 μs): 37.7% τ_3 (0.083 μs): 55.4%	$\tau_{av} = 0.25 \mu s$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (1.02 μs): 8.1% τ_2 (0.324 μs): 35.3% τ_3 (0.091 μs): 56.6%	$\tau_{av} = 0.38 \mu s$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (0.110 μs): 44.4% τ_2 (1.146 μs): 12.4% τ_3 (0.381 μs): 42.9% τ_4 (6.69 μs): 0.3%

^a τ_{av} = amplitude-weighted average lifetimes

Table S5. Emission lifetimes of compound **10** (3.2 μM) with and without ctDNA (as derived from data depicted in Figure S8).^a

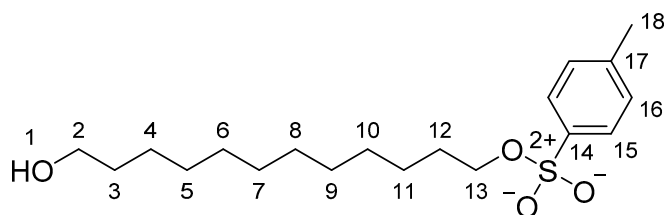
Detection	Additive		
	None	7.6 · 10 ⁻⁶ M ctDNA	7.6 · 10 ⁻⁵ M ctDNA
500 nm	$\tau_{av} = 0.90 \mu s$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (3.84 μs): 1.8% τ_2 (0.98 μs): 61.0% τ_3 (0.64 μs): 37.2% $\tau_{av} = 1.64 \mu s$ (deaerated) fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (1.11 μs): 81.3% τ_2 (3.97 μs): 18.8%	$\tau_{av} = 6.8 \mu s$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (4.70 μs): 21.4% τ_2 (1.00 μs): 45.9% τ_3 (16.3 μs): 32.7%	$\tau_{av} = 16.1 \mu s$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (18.5 μs): 81.8% τ_2 (5.6 μs): 18.2% $\tau_{av} = 17.2 \mu s$ (deaerated) fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (11.4 μs): 23.8% τ_2 (22.0 μs): 64.8% τ_3 (2.47 μs): 11.4%
650 nm	$\tau_{av} = 0.55 \mu s$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (1.70 μs): 10.7% τ_2 (0.645 μs): 44.3% τ_3 (0.179 μs): 45.0%	$\tau_{av} = 1.14 \mu s$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (1.46 μs): 52.8% τ_2 (0.78 μs): 47.2%	$\tau_{av} = 1.02 \mu s$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (1.21 μs): 72.5% τ_2 (0.53 μs): 27.5%

^a τ_{av} = amplitude-weighted average lifetimes

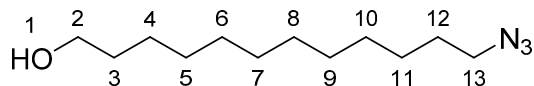
Table S6. Emission lifetimes of compound **10** (32 μ M) with and without ctDNA (as derived from data depicted in Figure S9).^a

Detection	Additive		
	None	7.6 · 10 ⁻⁶ M ctDNA	7.6 · 10 ⁻⁵ M ctDNA
500 nm	$\tau_{av} = 0.86 \mu s$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (1.24 μs): 24.2% τ_2 (0.74 μs): 75.8%	not determined	not determined
650 nm	$\tau_{av} = 1.02 \mu s$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (1.17 μs): 66.6% τ_2 (0.74 μs): 33.4%	$\tau_{av} = 0.78 \mu s$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (1.03 μs): 57.3% τ_2 (0.51 μs): 34.3% τ_3 (0.122 μs): 8.4%	$\tau_{av} = 1.02 \mu s$ fractional amplitudes: τ_1 (1.21 μs): 72.5% τ_2 (0.53 μs): 27.5%

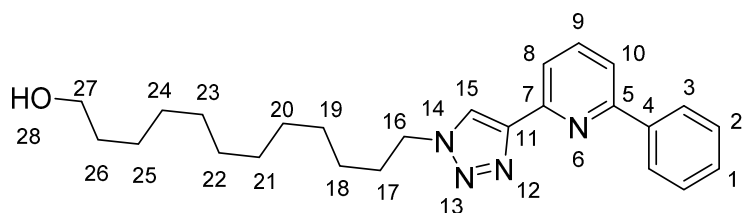
^a τ_{av} = amplitude-weighted average lifetimes



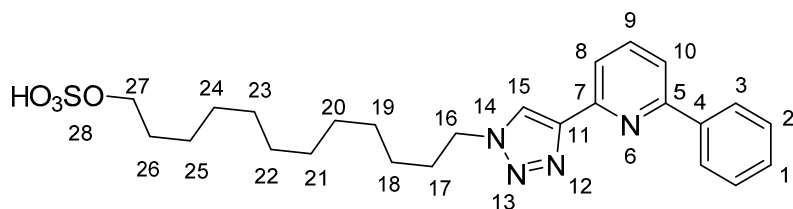
Scheme S1. Structural representation of compound **1** for NMR characterization.



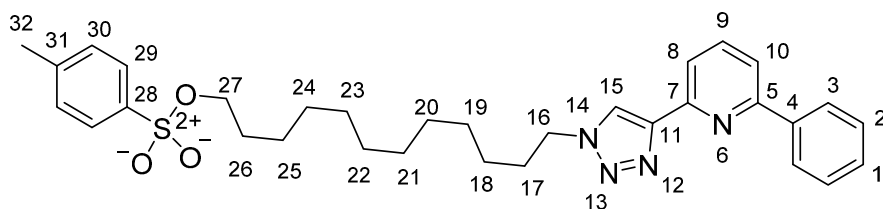
Scheme S2. Structural representation of compound **2** for NMR characterization.



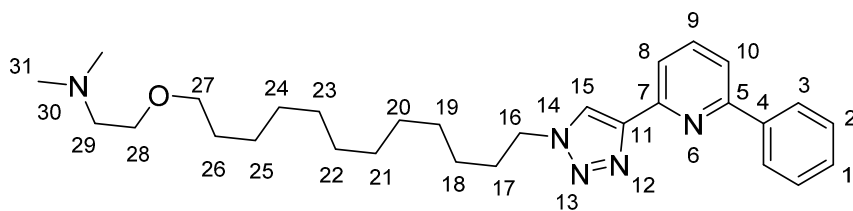
Scheme S3. Structural representation of compound **3** for NMR characterization.



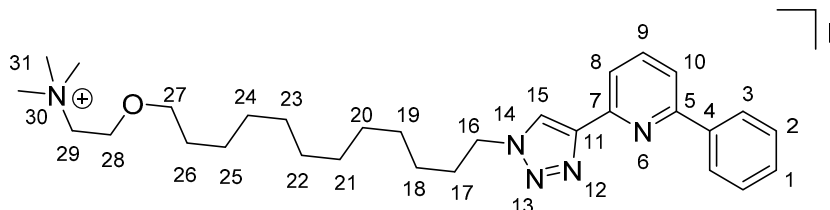
Scheme S4. Structural representation of compound **4** for NMR characterization.



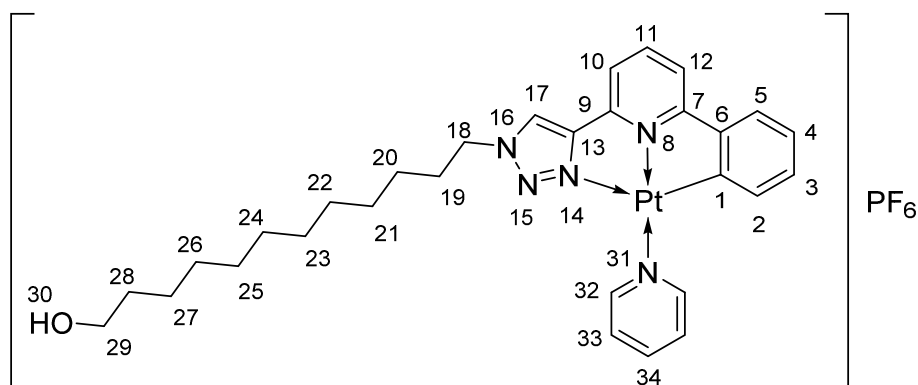
Scheme S5. Structural representation of compound **5** for NMR characterization.



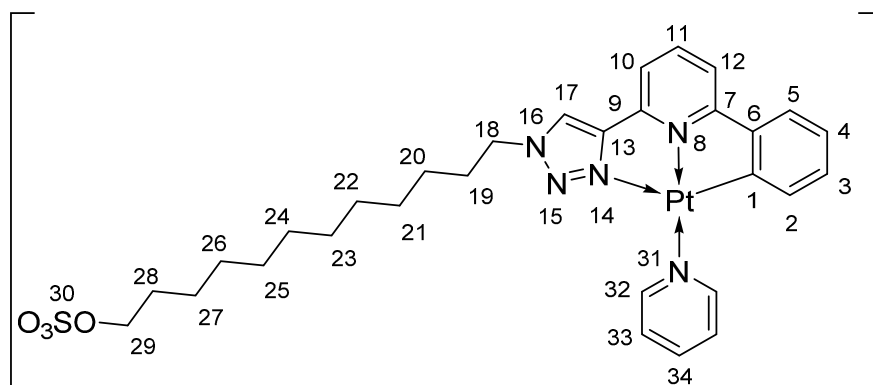
Scheme S6. Structural representation of compound **6** for NMR characterization.



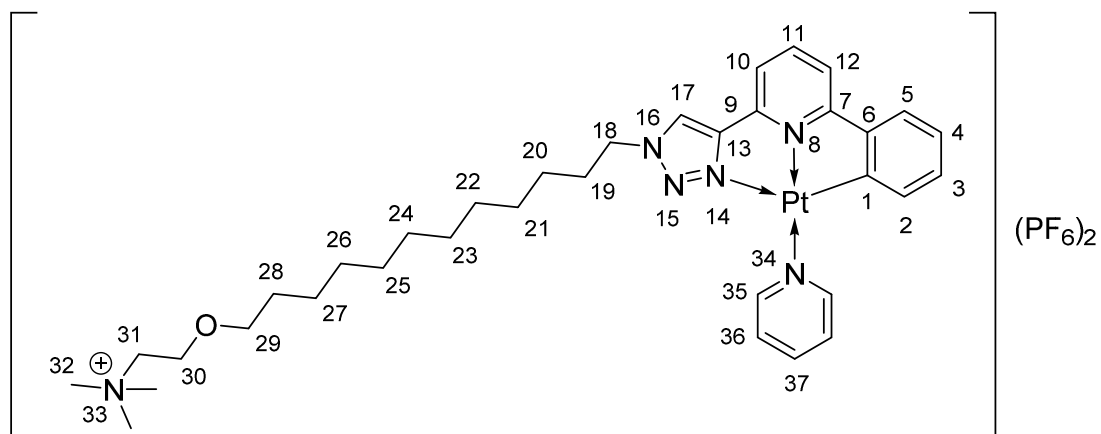
Scheme S7. Structural representation of compound **7** for NMR characterization.



Scheme S8. Structural representation of compound **8** for NMR characterization.



Scheme S9. Structural representation of compound **9** for NMR characterization.



Scheme S10. Structural representation of compound **10** for NMR characterization.

