

Introduction to Quantum Field Theory

Problem sheet 4

Deadline: Wednesday 2 December 2015 (12 am)
at Dr. Giudice's office (KP 301) and Ms Sonja Esch (KP 310)

Topics covered: Canonical quantisation of a scalar field.

1. Consider the theory of a quantised complex scalar field.

a) (2 P) The annihilation operator $a(k)$ is given by

$$a(k) = \int d^3x e^{ikx} (\omega_k \phi(x) + i \dot{\phi}(x))|_{k^0=\omega_k}.$$

Verify that $a(k)$ is time-independent if ϕ satisfies the Klein-Gordon equation.

b) (1 P) Show that $[a(k), b(k')] = 0$.

c) (3 P) Show the following equations:

$$\begin{aligned} [H, a^\dagger(k)] &= \omega_k a^\dagger(k) \\ [H, a(k)] &= -\omega_k a(k) \\ [H, b^\dagger(k)] &= \omega_k b^\dagger(k) \\ [P^j, a^\dagger(k)] &= k^j a^\dagger(k) \\ [P^j, b^\dagger(k)] &= k^j b^\dagger(k) \\ [Q, a^\dagger(k)] &= a^\dagger(k) \\ [Q, b^\dagger(k)] &= -b^\dagger(k) \end{aligned}$$

d) (2 P) Calculate

$$\begin{aligned} &Ha^\dagger(k_1)a^\dagger(k_2)|0\rangle \\ &Ha^\dagger(k_1)b^\dagger(k_2)|0\rangle \\ &Qa^\dagger(k_1)a^\dagger(k_2)b^\dagger(k_3)|0\rangle \end{aligned}$$

e) (1 P) Calculate the inner product between the two states $a^\dagger(k_1)a^\dagger(k_2)|0\rangle$ and $a^\dagger(k'_1)a^\dagger(k'_2)|0\rangle$.

2. (3 P) The momentum operator in the theory of a quantised real scalar field ϕ is given by

$$\vec{P} = - \int d^3x (\partial_0 \phi) \nabla \phi.$$

Calculate the normal-ordered $:\vec{P}:$ in terms of creation and annihilation operators.