## EXERCISE SHEET 1

**Exercise 1** (Abelian group). Let G be a group. Show that G is abelian if and only if the following map is a group homomorphism

$$\iota: \begin{cases} G & \to G, \\ g & \mapsto g^{-1}. \end{cases}$$

**Exercise 2** (Subgroups). Let G be a group and A and B two subgroups of G. Recall that  $A \cdot B$  is defined as  $\{ab|a \in A, b \in B\}$ .

- I. Show that  $A \cdot B$  is a subgroup of G of and only if  $A \cdot B = B \cdot A$ .
- 2. Find a group G and two subgroups A and B such that  $A \cdot B$  is not a subgroup of G.

Exercise 3 (Famous subgroups). Let G be a group.

- I. The center of G is defined as  $Z(G) := \{z \in G | \forall g \in G, zg = gz\}$ . Show that Z(G) is a subgroup of G.
- 2. Let  $H \leq G$ . The normalizer of H in G is defined as  $N_G(H) := \{g \in G | gHg^{-1} = H\}$ . Show that  $N_G(H)$  is the largest subgroup of G in which H is normal.

**Exercise 4** (Group action). Let  $n \ge 1$ . Let  $X := \mathbb{R}^n$  and let  $(e_1, \dots, e_n)$  be its standard basis. Show that the following map defines an *action* of Sym(n) on X:

$$\begin{cases} \operatorname{Sym}(n) \times X & \to X, \\ \left(\sigma, \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_{i} e_{i}\right) & \mapsto \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_{i} e_{\sigma(i)}. \end{cases}$$

Bonus exercise (Group homomorphism).

- 1. Let G and H be two groups and let  $\varphi : G \to H$  be a group homomorphism. Show that for all  $g \in G$  we have  $\operatorname{ord}(\varphi(g))|\operatorname{ord}(g)$ .
- 2. Determine all group homorphisms  $\varphi : \mathbb{Z}/4\mathbb{Z} \to \text{Sym}(3)$  and  $\psi : \text{Sym}(3) \to \mathbb{Z}/4\mathbb{Z}$ .

*Please hand in your solutions on the morning of October 21st before the lecture (letterbox 162 or electronically in the Learnweb).*